



**European Commission Research DG** 

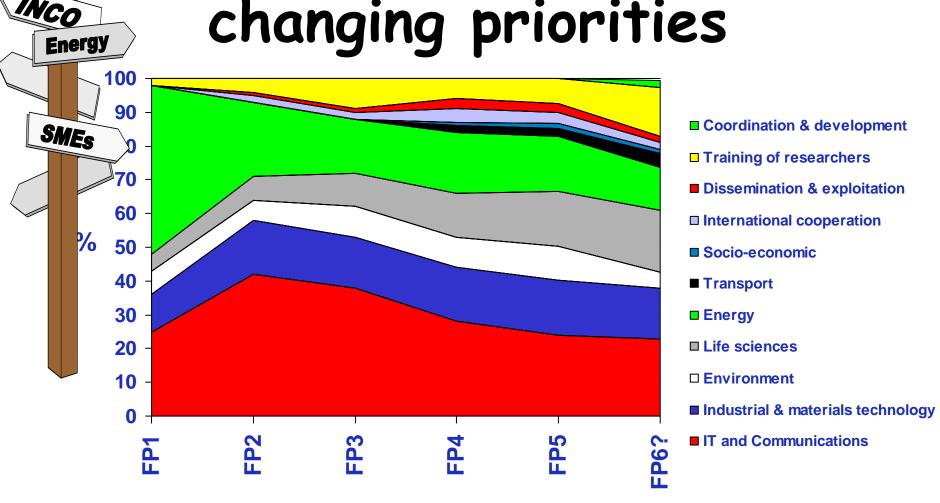


# Community RTD the story so far

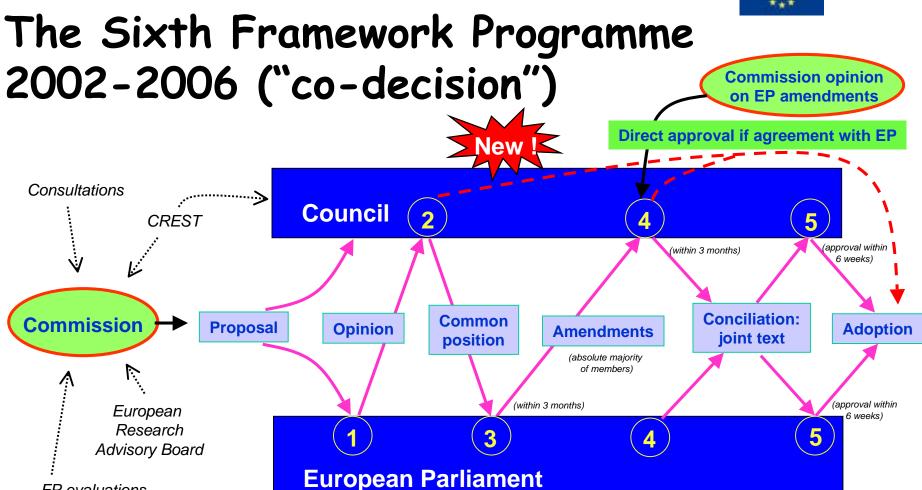
- 1957: EURATOM treaty; Joint Research Centre set up
- 1983: ESPRIT programme
- 1984: First Framework Programme (1984-1987), followed by 4 successive Framework Programmes (up to 2002)
- 1987: "European Single Act" science becomes a Community responsibility;
   Second Framework Programme (1987-1991)
- 1993: Treaty on European Union; role of RTD in the EU enlarged
- 2001: Proposal for the Sixth Framework Programme (2002-2006)



# EU research: changing priorities







#### Qualified majority:

FP evaluations

F. D. I. UK: 10 votes

E: 8 votes

B, GR, NL, P: 5 votes

A, S: 4 votes

DK, IRL, SF: 3 votes

L: 2 votes

Council decides at qualified majority (62 out of 87 votes) except on EP amendments not approved by the Commission



## Enlargement



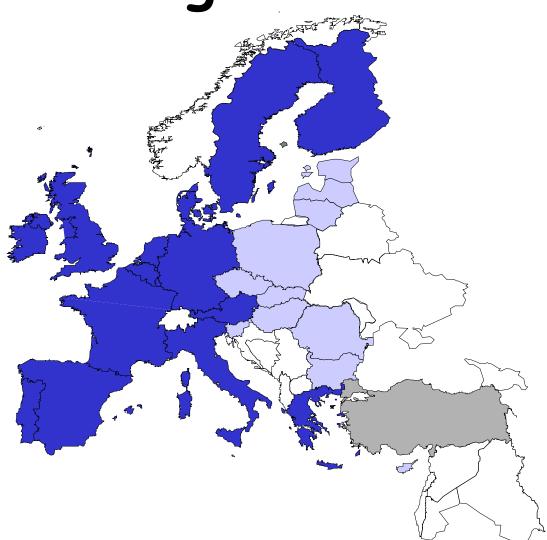


ΕU



#### Candidate countries:

- •Bulgaria
- •Cyprus
- •Estonia
- •Hungary
- •Latvia
- •Lithuania
- •Malta
- Poland
- •Czech Republic
- •Romania
- •Slovenia
- Slovakia
- Turkey





## The European Research Area

- A blueprint for the future of research in Europe
- Large support at the highest political, scientific and industrial levels
- **Being implemented** National Research Area **National** programmes « Open European Coordination » research policy **Framework** programme European organisations



## Sixth Framework Programme 2002-2006

- Commission proposal: 21 February 2001
- Instrumental for implementation of the European Research Area (ERA)

#### **Some figures:**

- Proposed budget: EUR 17,5 billion
- = 3,9% of the EU's budget (2001)
- = ~ 6% of the EU's public (civilian) research budget

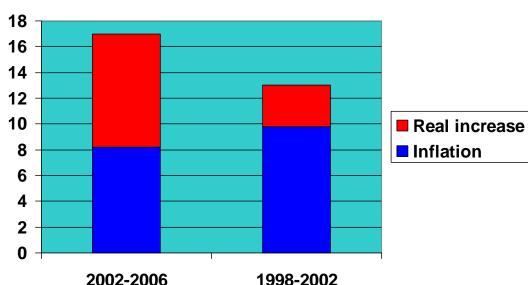


# Sixth Framework Programme - Budget -

#### **Rationale:**

- Maintain economic weight of European investment in research / real growth of European economy
- Financial perspectives
- Increase: 17% (nominal); 8,8% (real)

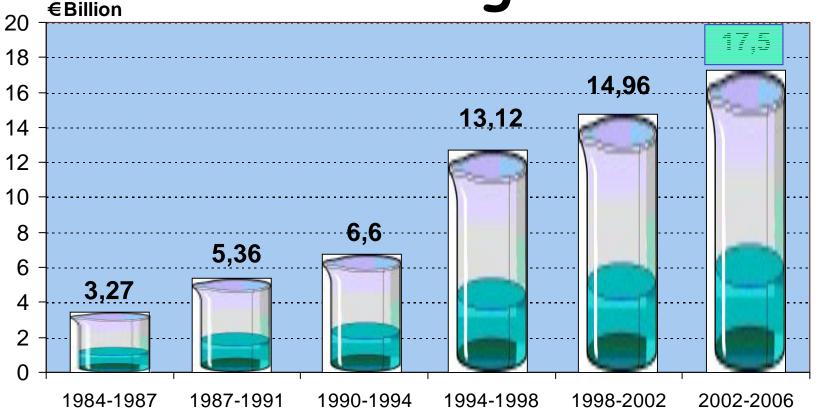
Increase (%) compared with previous framework programme



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## Budgets of the EU Framework Programmes





# Sixth Framework Programme - Main components -

INTEGRATING European research

STRUCTURING the European Research Area

STRENGTHENING the foundations of the European Research Area

#### **BASIC PRINCIPLES**

Concentration: on selected priority research areas

Structuring effect: through a stronger link with national, regional and other European initiatives

Coordination - Simplification

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### Sixth Framework Programme

Activities	Budget
	(EUR billion)

1. European Community 16,270

2. Euratom 1,230

Total 17,500



### Sixth Framework Programme (EC)

Bloc of actions	Budget (EUR million)
1. Focussing and integrating Community research	13 285
2. Structuring the European research area	2 655
3. Strengthening the foundations of the European research area	330
Total	16 270

FPS-FPA not



## Sixth Framework Programme

I. "Focussing and integrating research" Budget (EUR

	millions)
1. Genomics and biotechnology for health	2 200
<ul> <li>Advanced genomics and applications for health</li> </ul>	1 150
Combatting major diseases	1 050
2. Information Society technologies	3 600
3. Nanotechnologies and nano-sciences, knowledge-based	1 300
multifunctional materials, new production processes	
4. Aeronautics and space	1 075
5. Food quality and safety	685
6. Sustainable development, global change and ecosystems	2 120
<ul> <li>Sustainable energy systems</li> </ul>	810
Sustainable surface transports	610
Global change and ecosystems	700
7. Citizens and governance in a knowledge-based society	225
8. Specific activities covering a wider field of research	1 320

**Total** 

13 285

Non-nuclear activities of the Joint Research Centre: EUR 760 million



- Genomics and biotechnology for health
  - + Advanced genomics and its application for health
    - → Fundamental knowledge and its applications for health: gene expression and proteomics, structural genomics, bioinformatics, etc.
    - → Application of knowledge in genomics and biotechnology for health: technological platforms, prevention and therapeutic tools, etc.
  - + Combating major diseases
    - → Application-oriented approach to medical genomics knowledge and technologies: diabetes, cardiovascular diseases, resistance to antibiotics, brain and ageing, etc.
    - **→** Cancer
    - → Poverty-linked infectious diseases: aids, malaria and tuberculosis

FP6-FRA not



- Genomics and biotechnology for health
- Information Society technologies
  - ♣ Integrating research into technological areas of priority interest for citizens and businesses: security, "ambient intelligence", electronic commerce, etc
  - **★** Communication and computing infrastructures
  - Components and microsystems
  - ◆ Information management and interfaces



- Genomics and biotechnology for health
- Information Society technologies
- Nanotechnologies and nanosciences, knowledge-based multifunctional materials, and new production processes and devices
  - ♣ Nanotechnologies and nanosciences: long-term research, supramolecular architectures and macromolecules, nanobiotechnologies, etc
  - Knowledge-based multifunctional materials: fundamental knowledge, production and transformation technologies
  - ♣ New production processes and devices: flexible and intelligent manufacturing systems, sustainable waste management, optimisation of life cycles, etc



- Genomics and biotechnology for health
- Information Society technologies
- Nanotechnologies and nanosciences, knowledge-based multifunctional materials, and new production processes and devices
- Aeronautics and space
  - ♣ Aeronautics: competitiveness of the industry (new aircraft, engines etc); reduction of environmental nuisances; safety; increasing the capacity of the aviation system (« Single European Sky »)
  - ♣ <u>Space</u>: research relevant to Galileo (satellite navigation) and GMES (monitoring for environment and security); integrating terrestrial networks and space systems (telecommunications)



- Genomics and biotechnology for health
- Information Society technologies
- Nanotechnologies and nanosciences, knowledge-based multifunctional materials, and new production processes and devices
- Aeronautics and space
- Food quality and safety
  - ★ Safer and environmentally friendly production and processing
  - ♣ Food-related diseases and allergies
  - ♣ Analysis, detection, « traceability » of contaminants and micro-organisms
  - ♣ Organic farming, functional food
  - Traceability processes along the production chain
  - ♣ Analysis, detection and control of chemical contaminants and micro-organisms
  - ◆ Impact of animal feed



- Genomics and biotechnology for health
- Information Society technologies
- Nanotechnologies and nanosciences, knowledge-based multifunctional materials, and new production processes and devices
- Aeronautics and space
- Food safety and health risks
- Sustainable development and global change
  - ♣ Sustainable energy systems: clean energy, energy savings, alternative motor fuels, fuel cells, energy carriers/transport/storage, etc
  - ♣ Sustainable surface transport: environmentally friendly transport, interoperability, safety, etc
  - ♣ Global change and ecosystems: greenhouse gas emissions, water cycle, biodiversity, natural disasters, land management, climate modelling, etc

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- Genomics and biotechnology for health
- Information Society technologies
- Nanotechnologies and nanosciences, knowledge-based multifunctional materials, and new production processes and devices
- Aeronautics and space
- Food safety and health risks
- Sustainable development and global change
- Citizens and governance in the European knowledge-based society
  - + Knowledge-based society and social cohesion: production/ transmission/utilisation of knowledge; development of a knowledgebased society and variety of transition dynamics at local, national and regional level
  - Citizenship, democracy and new forms of governance:
     consequences of EU integration, enlargement; new forms of
     governance: citizenship and cultural identities, etc.



# « Integrating research »: Specific activities covering a wider field of research

- 7 thematic priorities
- Specific activities covering a wider field of research :
  - + Supporting policies and anticipating scientific and technological needs: activities in support of EU policies and research responding to new and emerging needs (annual programming)
  - + Horizontal research activities for SMEs: to boost technological capacities of SMEs in traditional or new areas and develop their ability to operate internationally (co-operative and collective research)
  - + Specific measures in support of international co-operation: developing countries, Mediterranean countries including the Western Balkans; Russia and the NIS



# International co-operation activities

Participation of third countries in the thematic priorities



 Specific activities (in support of the EU's foreign policy and development aid policy)

Third countries: countries which are not members of the EU and not associated with the Framework Programme.

EDS EDA not



### **SMEs**

#### General activities

- At least 15% of the total budget allocated to SMEs
- + Taking into consideration specific regional economic and social situations
- Support for technological needs of SMEs

#### Specific activities

- « Co-operative research »: carried out by research centres <u>for</u> SMEs or <u>by</u> high-tech SMEs in collaboration with research centres and universities
- « Collective research »: carried out by research centres for industrial associations or industry groupings in entire sectors of industry dominated by SMEs



## Sixth Framework Programme

II. "Structuring the ERA"	Budget (EUR million)
1. Research and innovation	300
2. Human resources	1 630
3. Research infrastructures	665
4. Science and society	60
Total	2 655

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#### Research and innovation

- ♣ Networking of stakeholders in the European innovation system
- ◆ Encouraging trans-regional co-operation
- ♣ New tools and approaches concerning technological innovation
- Information services (CORDIS)
- + Economic and technological intelligence



- Research and innovation
- Human resources and mobility
  - Support measures for organisations, hosting European and third country researchers
  - Individual support measures (grants) for European and third country researchers
  - Measures in support of return and professional (re)integration schemes
  - ♣ Contribution to national mobility programmes open to researchers from other European countries
  - ♣ Support for teams of the highest level of excellence
  - + Scientific prizes

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- Research and innovation
- Human resources and mobility
- Research infrastructures
  - ♣ Transnational access to research infrastructures
  - ♣ Integrated initiatives to provide European scale services
  - High-capacity and high-speed European communication infrastructure
  - ♣ Feasibility studies and work in preparation of the creation of new European infrastructures
  - ★ Limited support for the development of new infrastructures (supplementing contributions from EIB or the Structural Funds)



- Research and innovation
- Human resources and mobility
- Research infrastructures
- Science/society
  - ♣ Bringing research closer to society: science and governance, scientific advice, foresight etc.
  - ♣ Responsible use of scientific and technological progress: risk, expertise, ethics, precautionary principle, ethics etc.
  - ◆ Stepping up the science/society dialogue: new forms of dialogue; knowledge of science by citizens; young people's interest in scientific studies and careers etc.



## Sixth Framework Programme

III. "Strengthening the foundations of the ERA"	Budget (EUR million)
1. Support for the coordination of activities	280
2. Support for the coherent development of policies	50
Total	330



## « Strengthening the foundations of ERA »: 2 categories of activities

- Co-ordination of research in Europe
- Support for:
  - Mutual opening of national programmes
  - Networking of research activities conducted at national and regional level
  - Activities carried out in other European co-operation frameworks
  - Joint initiatives of European organisations (e. g. CERN, ESA etc.)

#### In areas such as:

- Health: major diseases, diseases linked to poverty, development of European databases, co-ordination of clinical trials etc.
- ♣ Biotechnology: non-health and non-food applications
- # Environment: urban environment, marine environment, seismic risk
- Energy: new generation of power plants, energy storage etc.



## « Strengthening the foundations of ERA »: 2 categories of activities

- Coherent development of research and innovation policies in Europe
  - Analyses and studies (foresight, indicators etc.)
  - Benchmarking
  - Mapping of excellence
  - Regulatory and administrative environment

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#### Instruments

- Action I Priority thematic areas:
  - + Networks of excellence
  - Integrated projects
- Action I Specific activities covering a wider field of research:
  - Specific targeted research projects
  - Specific research projects for SMEs
- Actions II and III:
  - Specific targeted research and innovation projects
  - Integrated infrastructure initiatives
  - Actions to promote human resources and mobility

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### Instruments (ctd)

#### Throughout the FP:

- Specific support actions
- Coordination actions
- Participation of the Community in programmes implemented jointly by several Member States (Article 169)

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#### 3 new instruments

- Networks of excellence
- Integrated projects
- Programmes implemented jointly

In priority thematic areas, the new instruments:

- Will be used from the start of FP6
- As a priority means, while maintaining the use of specific targeted projects and co-ordination actions
- Will be assessed in 2004



### 3 new instruments

- Networks of excellence:
  - + Lasting integration of research capacities
  - **★** Long-term and multidisciplinary objectives

  - Genuine 'virtual centres of excellence'
  - High level of management autonomy
  - ♣ Gradual integration of work programmes
  - ♣ Selected on the basis of calls for proposals
- Integrated projects
- Programmes implemented jointly



### 3 new instruments

- Networks of excellence
- Integrated projects:
  - ♣ To boost competitiveness or to address major societal needs
  - ♣ To provide results applicable to products, processes or services
  - Research activities may be complemented by demonstration, innovation activities
  - + High level of management autonomy

  - Selected on the basis of calls for proposals
- Programmes implemented jointly



## 3 new instruments

- Networks of excellence
- Integrated projects
- Programmes implemented jointly
  - ♣ Joint implementation of national/regional programmes (article 169 of the Treaty) e.g. through harmonised work programmes and common, joint or co-ordinated calls for proposals
  - Specific implementation structure
  - May be used in all FP activities



## Other instruments

- Specific targeted research or innovation projects:
  - ♣ Specific targeted research projects: to improve competitiveness; need to be sharply focussed; either a RTD project (to gain knowledge) or a demonstration project (to prove the viability of new technologies which cannot be commercialised directly)
  - Specific targeted innovation projects: to test, validate and disseminate new innovation concepts and methods
- Specific research projects for SMEs
- Actions to promote and develop human resources and mobility
- Co-ordination actions
- Specific support actions
- Integrated infrastructure initiatives

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- Specific targeted research or innovation projects
- Specific research projects for SMEs
  - **+ Co-operative** research projects undertaken for the benefit of a number of SMEs on themes of common interest
  - Collective research projects carried out for industrial associations or industry groupings in sectors where SMEs are prominent
- Actions to promote and develop human resources and mobility
- Coordination actions
- Specific support actions
- Integrated infrastructure initiatives



- Specific targeted research or innovation projects
- Specific research projects for SMEs
- Actions to promote and develop human resources and mobility
  - ♣ To promote training, development of expertise or transfer of knowledge
  - ♣ To support actions undertaken by individuals, host structures (including training networks) and European research teams
- Coordination actions
- Specific support actions
- Integrated infrastructure initiatives



- Specific targeted research or innovation projects
- Specific research projects for SMEs
- Actions to promote and develop human resources and mobility
- Coordination actions
  - ♣ To support co-ordinated initiatives undertaken by a range of stakeholders involved in research and innovation (with the aim of improving integration)
  - ♣ Actions: conferences, meetings, studies, exchange of personnel, exchange of good practices, information systems, expert groups etc
- Specific support actions
- Integrated infrastructure initiatives

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- Specific targeted research or innovation projects
- Specific research projects for SMEs
- Actions to promote and develop human resources and mobility
- Coordination actions
- Specific support actions
  - ♣ To complement FP6 implementation
  - ♣ To prepare future RTD activities (monitoring, assessment, etc)
  - ♣ Actions: conferences, meetings, studies, awards, information and communication activities, support of research infrastructures (e.g. feasibility studies) etc
- Integrated infrastructure initiatives

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- Specific targeted research or innovation projects
- Specific research projects for SMEs
- Actions to promote and develop human resources and mobility
- Coordination actions
- Specific support actions
- Integrated infrastructure initiatives
  - ♣ To reinforce and develop research infrastructures in order to provide services at European level
  - ★ Must combine networking activities with support (e.g. transnational access) or research (e.g. to improve performance)
  - ♣ Financing for new infrastructures is excluded (see 'Specific support actions')

EBS-EBA not



# Sixth Framework Programme (Euratom)

Framework programme Euratom	Budget (EUR million)
1. Waste treatment and storage	150
2. Controlled thermonuclear fusion	700*
3. Other activities	50
4. Activities of the Joint Research Centre	330

**Total** 1 230

<sup>\*</sup> including EUR 200 million for participation in ITER



## EURATOM activities

#### Waste treatment and storage:

- Long-term storage etc.
- Reducing the impact of waste and the hazards associated with waste etc.

#### Controlled thermonuclear fusion:

- Fusion physics and technology
- Activities related to « Next Step »/ITER

#### Other activities:

- Radiation protection
- Safer processes for the exploitation of nuclear energy

#### Joint Research Centre :

- Nuclear safety and security
- Measurements and reference materials



## Provisional timetable

February 2001 Commission's proposal

30 May 2001 Specific programmes

14 November 2001 First reading at EP

10 December 2001 Political agreement at Council

January 2002 Common position at Council

May 2002 Second reading at EP

September 2002 Conciliation procedure (if necessary)

October 2002 Adoption

11-12-13-November 2002 Launch conference (Brussels)



## Rules of participation -General Issues

#### **Commission proposal:**

- Reflects main orientations of FP proposal
- Sets out the rules for the new instruments

#### with the aim of:

- Simplification
- Flexibility
- Autonomy for participants

http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/en/com/pdf/2001/en\_501PC0500.pdf



# Rules for participation

- Funding mechanisms: "grant for integration" (for networks of excellence) and "grant to the overall budget" (integrated projects), i.e. the financing principle will no longer be the "eligible costs"
- Mainly on-going and ex-post control (rather than ex-ante);
- Changes in partnerships (addition or withdrawal) may be decided by partners, with tacit agreement by the Commission
- Candidate countries associated to the FP will participate under same conditions as EU Member States;
- European research organisations (e.g. CERN, ESA, EMBO, etc.) will be treated as any entity from member states;
- Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) rules simplified; relevant agreements to be established by consortium partners.



# Participation

## Who can participate?

- Every legal entity
- New: Associated candidate countries = Member States (MS)
- New: International European interest organisations = MS



# Participation

#### Minimum number

- 3 for IP and NoE with 2 from MS or Ass.
   Cand. Countries
- In other instruments 2 with 1 from MS or Ass.
   Cand. Country
- Single participation possible for fellowships and specific support actions
- minimum number can be increased by workprogrammes

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# Participation

#### Third country participation

- Participation in "Integration" part for all countries
- Financing for INCO countries in "Integration" part
- Participation for countries with co-operation agreement under applicable conditions in activities outside the "Integration" part
- Participation for other countries in all activities outside "Integration" part if necessary

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## Evaluation

#### Same principles as in FP 5:

- Transparency
- Equal treatment
- Impartiality

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## Evaluation

# Core criteria & criteria for new instruments:

 to be specified and complemented in work programmes according to instrument and activity

#### **Exclusion criteria:**

- Violation of fundamental ethical principles
- Financial irregularities



# Implementation

### **Objectives:**

- Define basic rights and obligations
- Provide autonomy to consortia
- Precise legal rules for evolution of consortia



# Financing (I)

### 3 different systems:

- Grant to the budget
- Grant for integration
- Flat-rate

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# Financing (II)

Instrument	EU contribution
Networks of excellence	Grant for integration: max 25% of the value of the capacity and resources proposed for integration as a fixed amount to support the joint programme of activities
Integrated projects	Grant to the budget: max 50% for research, 35% for demonstration, 100% for activities such as training
Specific targeted research or innovation projects	Grant to the budget: max 50% of the budget
Participation in programmes undertaken by several MS	To be defined in decisions taken on the basis of Art. 169
Specific research projects for SMEs	Grant to the budget: max 50% of the budget
Actions to promote and develop human resources and mobility	Grant to the budget: max 100% of the budget, if necessary as a lump sum
Coordination actions	Grant to the budget: max 100% of the budget
Specific support actions	Grant to the budget: max 100% of the budget, if necessary as a lump sum
Integrated infrastructure initiatives	Grant to the budget: max 100% of the budget, if necessary as a lump sum



# Financing (III)

#### **Modalities:**

- Periodical (yearly) advances
- Participants' own accounting rules
- Audit certificate by external auditor
- Marginal cost
- Possibility of average rates by type of expenditure



## Control and Sanctions

### **Objective:**

- Reinforcing ex-post controls
  - To simplify and streamline ex-ante controls
  - As a counterbalance to increased autonomy for participants

#### **Sanctions:**

- Exclusion criterion: financial irregularity
- Recovery decisions (art. 256 EC Treaty)
- Other sanctions in contracts

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# Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)

# Complete and comprehensive in one document

#### Based on:

- Experience with FP 5 rules
- Consultation with academia and industry

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# Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)

#### As in FP 5:

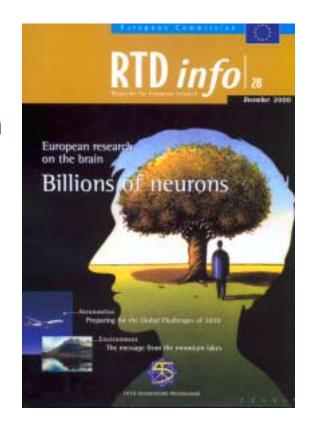
- Participants own results they have generated
- Emphasis on use of results, dissemination if appropriate or if results are not used
- SMEs own results generated in SME-activities

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## Information

- General information: http://europa.eu.int
- General information on research: http://europa.eu.int/comm/research
- Information on research programmes : http://www.cordis.lu
- Information requests: research@cec.eu.int







## Research Directorate-General Information and communication Unit



research@cec.eu.int Phone +32-2-295 52 76 Fax +32-2-295 82 20